

AMENDMENT(S) TO THE CLAIMS:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims on the application. All claims are set forth below with one of the following annotations.

- (Original): Claim filed with the application.
- (Currently amended): Claim being amended in the current amendment paper.
- (Canceled): Claim cancelled or deleted from the application. No claim text is shown.
- (Withdrawn): Claim still in the application, but in a non-elected status.
- (New): Claim being added in the current amendment paper.
- (Previously presented): Claim added or amended in an earlier amendment paper.
- (Not entered): Claim presented in a previous amendment, but not entered or whose entry status unknown. No claim text is shown.

1. (Currently Amended) In an OFDM receiver to wirelessly receive a packet of information that includes a known transmitted part, the receiver including a signal-to-tone transformer to determine the modulated subcarriers of a received signal corresponding to ~~a received packet~~ the received packet, an apparatus comprising:

a channel storage unit coupled to the signal-to-tone transformer including:

an initial channel calculator to calculate a function of ~~the~~ an initial channel response of subcarriers from the known part of the received packet;

a memory subsystem coupled to the initial channel calculator initially to store the function of the initial channel response, and then to store updates of the function of the initial channel response;

a channel corrector coupled to the channel storage unit and to the signal-to-tone transformer to channel correct the modulated subcarriers of the received signal for the respective channel of each of the subcarriers, the correcting using the latest updates from the contents of the memory subsystem; the channel corrector to form channel corrected constellation values for the received signal;

a decision and channel drift circuit coupled to the channel corrector to make decisions to form post-decision values corresponding to the channel corrected constellation values and to form a measure of the channel drift ~~from using the formed~~ post decision constellation values and the ~~pre-decision~~ constellation values prior to the post-decision values being formed; and

a weighting and summing circuit coupled to the channel storage unit to update the memory subsystem with a weighted sum of the pre-update ~~function in contents of~~ the memory subsystem and ~~an update, the update a quantity~~ determined from the pre-update ~~function memory subsystem contents~~ and the measure of the channel drift between symbols,

such that the memory subsystem contents track channel drift from symbol to symbol, the tracking according to the relative weightings of the weighted sum.

2. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the known part of the transmitted part has subcarriers with known values, wherein the function of the initial channel response initially stored in the memory subsystem for a subcarrier is the initial channel response for the subcarrier multiplied by the known value of the subcarrier for the known transmitted part, and wherein the apparatus is also configured to factor out such that a factoring of the known transmitted part is included prior to or concurrent with the ~~channel~~ the correcting for the respective channel.
3. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the known part of the transmitted part has subcarriers with known values, wherein the function of the initial channel response initially stored in the memory subsystem for a subcarrier is post ~~factoring~~ factored by the known value of the subcarrier for the known transmitted part, and wherein the apparatus also configured to factor out such that a factoring of the known transmitted part is included prior to forming the input to the memory subsystem from the signal-to-tone transformer ~~to the memory subsystem~~.

4. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the signal-to-tone transformer produces subcarriers in rectangular coordinates, and wherein the memory subsystem initially stores the function of the initial channel response in rectangular coordinates.
5. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the signal-to-tone transformer produces subcarriers in rectangular coordinates, and wherein the memory subsystem initially stores the function of the initial channel response in polar coordinates.
6. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the decision ~~circuit~~ and channel drift circuit also forms a hard decision.
7. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the received signal is encoded, and wherein the decision ~~circuit~~ and channel drift circuit produces re-encoded decoded decisions obtained by wherein the decision circuit produces re-encoded decoded decisions, including carrying out decoding and carrying out re-encoding.
8. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the subcarriers of the packet include pilot tones, the apparatus further comprising a pilot correction circuit between the channel corrector and the decision ~~circuit~~ and channel drift circuit, the pilot correction circuit to correct for one or both of channel drift and timing errors; ~~such that the channel corrector need not account for carrier drift and timing errors in correcting for the channel.~~
9. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, ~~wherein the receiver includes~~ further comprising a circuit to measure the signal quality, ~~and~~ wherein the relative weightings of the weighted sum is a function of the measured signal quality.
10. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 9, wherein the receiver is to receive a packet that includes a field modulated at a known rate, and wherein the circuit to

measure the signal quality provides a measure of the signal quality of the received field.

11. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 10, wherein the memory is updated only in the case that the measure of signal quality of the received ~~signal~~ field modulated at a known rate is above a signal quality threshold.
12. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 10, wherein the circuit to measure the signal quality provides a measure of the error vector magnitude (EVM) ~~EVM~~ of the received ~~signal~~ field modulated at a known rate.
13. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 12, wherein the memory is updated only in the case that the measure of EVM of the received ~~signal~~ field modulated at a known rate is above a settable EVM threshold.
14. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the decision ~~circuit~~ and channel drift circuit operates in rectangular coordinates.
15. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the decision ~~circuit~~ and channel drift circuit operates in polar coordinates.
16. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the decision and channel drift circuit inverse ~~modulates~~ re-modulates the decision made for each constellation point and multiplies the pre-decision constellation value with the inverse re-modulated decision value to form a signal that ~~varies as~~ is a function of the measure of the channel drift.
17. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein the known transmitted part of the packet includes a first known part portion of at least one known symbol and a second known part portion of at least one known symbol, and wherein the initial channel calculator initially stores a function of ~~the~~ a channel response based on received signals corresponding to the first ~~part~~ known portion, and wherein ~~the~~ the initial channel calculator and memory subsystem are arranged to average the ~~functions~~ function of the channel responses corresponding to the first ~~and second parts~~ known

portion and a function of a channel response corresponding to the second known portion, such that after the ~~signals~~ symbols corresponding to the second known ~~part~~ portion are received, the function of the initial channel response in the memory is the average of the functions of the channel responses corresponding to the first and second ~~parts~~ portions.

18. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 17, wherein the signal-to-tone transformer produces subcarriers in rectangular coordinates, and wherein the channel correcting is in polar coordinates, the apparatus further comprising a rectangular to polar coordinate transformer between the signal-to-tone transformer and the channel corrector.
19. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 17, wherein the first and second part known portions each include a known symbol values for at least some of the subcarriers, and wherein the function of the channel response for a subcarrier whose value is known is the channel response for the subcarrier multiplied by the known value of the subcarrier ~~of the known symbol~~, and wherein the apparatus is also configured to factor out ~~such that a factoring~~ ~~such that a factoring~~ by the known ~~part portion is included~~ prior to or concurrent with ~~channel~~ the correcting for the respective channel, and such that the function of the initial channel response initially in the memory subsystem is the average of the channel responses corresponding to the first and second known portions, respectively, multiplied by the subcarriers corresponding to the known symbol sets known values for the subcarriers of the first and second known portions, respectively.
20. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 17, wherein the first and second known portions each include ~~a~~ known values for at least some of the subcarriers, wherein the apparatus further comprises a factoring unit between the signal-to-tone transformer and the memory subsystem to factor the output of the signal-to-tone transformer for a subcarrier by the known subcarrier value for the respective known portion, such that the function of the channel response stored in the memory

subsystem for a subcarrier is post ~~factoring~~ factored by the known value of the subcarrier for the respective known portion symbol, ~~the apparatus further comprising a factoring unit between the signal-to-tone transformer and the memory subsystem to factor the~~ by the known subcarrier value.

21. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 17, further comprising a channel drift change detector coupled to the decision and channel drift circuit to detect the change in channel drift, such that the relative weighting is a function of the detected change in channel drift.
22. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 21, wherein the memory subsystem is updated only if the detected change in channel drift exceeds a change threshold.
23. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 21, wherein the change detector includes a loop filter.
24. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 20, wherein the first and second known portions each include a known values for at least some of the subcarriers, the apparatus further comprising:
a factoring unit between the signal-to-tone transformer and the memory subsystem to factor the output of the signal-to-tone transformer for a subcarrier by the known subcarrier value for the respective known portion, and
a channel smoother coupled to the memory subsystem to smooth the channel responses to take into account correlation between channel responses of adjacent subcarriers, the apparatus further including a factoring circuit to factor out the known subcarriers values of the known part.
25. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 24, wherein the signal-to-tone transformer produces subcarriers in rectangular coordinates, and wherein the channel correcting is in polar coordinates, the apparatus further comprising a rectangular to polar

coordinate transformer between the signal-to-tone transformer and the channel corrector.

26. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 25, wherein the smoothing is in polar coordinates.
27. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 24, wherein the channel smoother is adaptive such that ~~the amount of smoothing of the channel smoother~~ one smoother providing a given amount of smoothing is selected from a set of candidate smoothers according to how well the channel estimates produced by applying each candidate smoother to channel estimates produced from the first ~~part~~ portion predict the received signal corresponding to the second ~~part~~ portion.
28. (Currently amended) In an OFDM receiver to wirelessly receive a packet of information that includes a known transmitted part, the receiver including a signal-to-tone transformer to determine the subcarriers of a signal corresponding to ~~a~~ the received packet, a method comprising:
- accepting the subcarriers of the known part of the received packet;
 - calculating a function of the initial channel response of subcarriers from the known part of the received packet;
 - storing the function of the initial channel response;
 - storing updates of the function of the channel response as more data is ~~accepted;~~ accepted to form, as modulated subcarriers of each received packets are determined, updated stored function of the channel response, the storing updates including:
 - channel correcting the modulated subcarriers of the received ~~signal~~ packet for the channel using the stored initial or updated function of the channel response to form channel-corrected constellation values for the received signal;

~~forming decision making using the channel-corrected constellation values to form~~ post-decision values corresponding to the channel corrected constellation values;

forming a measure of the channel drift from the post decision values and the channel-corrected constellation values;

forming a weighted sum of the ~~pre-update~~ stored function of the channel response and ~~an update, the update a quantity~~ determined from the ~~pre-update~~ stored function of the channel response and the formed measure of the channel drift ~~between symbols~~; and

storing the weighted sum as ~~the~~ an updated stored function of the channel response,

such that the stored function of the channel response track channel drift from symbol to symbol, the tracking according to the relative weightings of the weighted sum.

29. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the known part of the transmitted part has subcarriers with known values, wherein the storing of the function of the initial channel response for a subcarrier initially stores the initial channel response for the subcarrier multiplied by the known value of the subcarrier for the known part, the method further comprising:

factoring out ~~of the~~ the known values of known part from the stored function of the channel response prior to or concurrent with channel correcting.

30. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the storing of the function of the initial channel response for a subcarrier stores the initial channel response, the method further comprising:

factoring out ~~of the subcarriers of the known part from the accepted subcarriers~~ corresponding to the known part prior to storing the function of the initial channel response.

31. (Original) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the storing stores the function of the initial channel response in rectangular coordinates.
32. (Original) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the storing stores the function of the initial channel response in polar coordinates.
33. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein said ~~forming the~~ decision making forms a hard demodulated decision.
34. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein said ~~forming the~~ decision making produces re-encoded decoded decisions.
35. (Currently amended) A method as recited in claim 28, wherein the subcarriers of the packet include pilot tones, the method further comprising:
- pilot correcting the channel corrected constellation values to correct for one or both of channel drift and timing errors to form pilot corrected constellation values, wherein ~~forming~~ the decision making uses the pilot corrected values, such that the channel correcting need not account for carrier drift and timing errors in correcting for the channel.
36. (Original) A method of updating channel estimates for a set of subcarriers in an OFDM wireless receiver, the method comprising, for each subcarrier in the set of subcarriers:
- storing a function of a first estimate of the channel response for the subcarrier;
- accepting a pre-decision constellation point value for the subcarrier, said pre-decision constellation point value being corrected using the first estimate of the channel response;
- making a decision using the pre-decision constellation point value;
- re-modulating the decision to form a post-decision constellation point value;

forming a complex valued product of the function of the first estimate for the subcarrier and the complex-valued ratio of the pre-decision and post-decision values; and

updating the stored function of the first estimate of the channel response with a weighted amount of the formed complex valued product.

37. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 36, wherein the OFDM receiver is to receive a packet that includes a known part having subcarriers with known values, and wherein the storing of ~~a first function~~ the function of the first estimate stores the channel response for the subcarrier multiplied by the known value of the subcarrier for the known part.
38. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 36, wherein the OFDM receiver is to receive a packet that includes a known part having subcarriers with known values, and wherein the method further comprises:
- factoring out the known value of the subcarriers of the known part prior the
storing of ~~a first function~~ stores the the function of the first estimate of the channel response of the subcarrier ~~post factoring by the known value of the subcarrier for the known part.~~
39. (Original) A method as recited in claim 36, wherein the weighted amount is a weighted average of the first estimate and the formed complex valued product.
40. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 39, further comprising updating the ~~quantity~~ stored function for the subcarrier as more data is received by the receiver.
41. (Original) A method as recited in claim 36, wherein making the decision forms a hard demodulated decision.
42. (Currently Amended) A method as recited in claim 36, wherein the received data is encoded, and wherein making the decision includes demodulating, decoding, and re-

coding to form a re-coded-decoded decision based on data after the remodulating decoding and re-coding.

43. (Currently amended) An apparatus to update channel estimates for a set of subcarriers in an OFDM wireless receiver, the receiver able to receive a packet that includes a known part having known values of subcarriers, and a modulated part, the apparatus comprising:

a memory to initially store a function of a first estimate of the channel response for each subcarrier in the set of subcarriers;

a decision circuit to accept a pre-decision constellation point value for a received packet for a subcarrier of the set, said pre-decision constellation point value being corrected using the first estimate of the channel response;

re-modulator coupled to the decision circuit to form a post-decision constellation point value;

a channel drift circuit to form a function of the complex-valued ratio of the pre-decision and post-decision values;

a first multiplier to form a complex valued product of the function of the first estimate for the subcarrier and the complex-valued ratio of the pre-decision and post-decision values; and

a weighting circuit whose output is coupled to the input of the memory, the weighting circuit to form an update for the memory,

such that the stored function of the first estimate of the channel response is updated with a weighted amount of the formed complex valued product.

44. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the memory initially stores the channel response for the subcarrier multiplied by the known value of the subcarrier for the known part.

45. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the memory initially stores the first estimate of the channel response, and wherein the apparatus is also configured to factor out the subcarrier post-factoring by the known value of the subcarrier for the known part.
46. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the weighting circuit forms a weighted average of the stored function or the updated stored function if there has been an update ~~memory contents~~ and the formed complex valued product.
47. (Currently Amended) An apparatus as recited in claim 46, wherein the stored function or the updated stored function if there has been an update is updated ~~memory contents~~ update as more data is received by the receiver.
48. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the decision circuit forms a hard demodulated decision.
49. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the decision circuit and re-modulator are included in one circuit.
50. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the re-modulator inverse re-modulates, and wherein the channel drift circuit includes a second complex multiplier to multiply the post-decision inverse re-modulated value with the pre-decision value, such that no complex divider is required.
51. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 43, wherein the received data is encoded, and wherein the decision circuit includes a demodulator, a decoder, and a re-encoder to form a re-coded-decoded decision.